Amendments to the Specification:

Please amend paragraphs [0063], [0064], and [0067] as follows:

[0063] With that background, FIG. 5A shows a device having several joints (504, 508, 510, 512) that each may be independently severed to controllably deploy the implant 502. Implant 502 is shown having coils (514, 516) (FIG. 5B) that are terminated at each end by an erodible joint and that, prior to the severing of a joint, hold this implant 502 to the surface of the delivery member 520. The implant 500 self-expanding, once released. The wires forming the two coils in this variation slide within the implant or "uncoil" and thereby allow the implant body itself to expand. The coils may comprise (if electrically connected to the erodible joint) a metal that is higher in the Mendelev Electromotive Series than is the composition at the electrolytic joint or the coils may comprise a polymer that may be bio-erodible or not.

[0064] In any case, a suitable way to assure that the coils (514, 516) maintain the low profile of the implant 502 during delivery is via the placement of the various conductive wires <u>or elements</u> (506a, 506b, 506c, 506d, 506c, 516, 518, 520) through the adjacent holes (524, 526, 528) and fill the holes with e.g., an epoxy to hold all in place. Independently causing current to flow through each of the joints will release the implant in the region of the released joint. Once all joints are eroded, the implant is released.

[0067] FIG. 5D shows the insulated wire 506a \$24-with insulation 523 and conductor 525. The electrolytic joint 504 is also shown. In this variation, the wire 506a \$24 is shown to be secured into hole 524 in the delivery guide wall 520 by, e.g., an epoxy 527, an alternative or cooperative band or component 529 holding the wire 506a\$24 to the surface of guide member 520 is also shown. After erodable joint 504 is eroded, the implant of 502 expands and leaves the securement band 529 on the delivery guide 520.